



Cedrus libani 'Glauca Pendula'



Высота	4 - 6 m, slow growing
Ширина	10-15m
Крона	broad weeping, half-open crown, capricious growing
Кора и ветви	dark greyish black bark, scaly, twigs have downy hair
Лист	needles, silvery blue, 2 - 2.5 cm, evergreen
Цветы	unremarkable, fragrant flowers
Плоды	barrel-shaped cones, 5 - 7 cm long, turning from green to brown
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	all, provided well-permeable and not too moist
Влажность почвы	устойчив к сухим почвам
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	7a (-17,7 до -15,0 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good
Прочие виды устойчивости	сустойчив к ветру
Применение	промышленные зоны, небольшие сады
Форма	штамбовое дерево, штамбовое хвойное дерево, солитерное хвойное дерево
Происхождение	Paillet, Châtenay, France, 1873
Синонимы	Cedrus atlantica 'Glauca Pendula'

A slowly growing and particularly characteristic weeping shape of the blue atlas cedar. The lateral branches hang down in large arcs and the loose twigs that grow on them can reach down to the ground. If the main branches are not trained to grow upwards, a broadly spreading manner of growth develops, only a few metres high and several metres broad. If the tree is trained to grow upwards, it reaches a height of approximately 6 m. In that case, it remains somewhat narrower. First the trunk is grey and smooth, but rougher in older trees. Young twigs are first greyish green to greyish brown but turn grey in the second year. The needles, 2 - 2.5 cm long, grow in bundles of 20 - 40 together. Upright cones appear in autumn. This cedar requires ample sun and is highly tolerant of air pollution.