



# Metasequoia glyptostroboides

## GOLDRUSH ('Ogon')



Высота	10 - 15 m
Крона	narrow pyramidal, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	twigs reddish brown, bark reddish brown and later grey, peeling in long strips
Лист	needles, compound and opposed, yellow
Осенний окрас	желтый, оранжевый
Цветы	inconspicuous catkins, 5 - 10 cm long, yellowish green, 0.5 cm, May
Плоды	ovate to spherical cones, 2 - 2.5 cm, green to reddish brown
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	moist and well-drained
Влажность почвы	устойчив к влажным почвам
Мощение	устойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	5a (-28,8 до -26,1 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы, кашпо для деревьев, сады на крыше, промышленные зоны
Форма	штамбовое дерево, разветвленное дерево, штамбовое хвойное дерево, солитерное хвойное дерево
Происхождение	Kameyama Breeding Station, Institute for Forest Tree Improvement, Kameyama, Japan, 1974
Синонимы	Metasequoia g. 'Golden Oji', Metasequoia g. 'Goldrush'

Medium-size to large, deciduous conifer with a narrow pyramidal habit. Goldrush grows less vigorously than the species and will eventually remain slightly smaller. The tree has a straight, upright central leader with a regular branching pattern. The young foliage of this cultivar is deep golden yellow and turns greenish yellow later in the season. The compound needles stand on short and long shoots and are opposed, unlike Taxodium. Before they fall off in autumn, they turn dark yellow to orange-brown. For a long time the tree was bred and traded under the cultivar name, 'Goldrush'. It later became obvious that it was 'Ogon'. The fact that, in 1994, a U.S. Plant Patent was applied for under the name of 'Golden Oji' does not affect this. Its deep rooting makes the tree very wind resistant and it tolerates a lot of moisture. Mainly grows on lighter soils.