



Pseudolarix amabilis



Высота	15 (30 - 40) m
Ширина	10-15m
Крона	broad ovoid to round, light, open crown, capricious growing
Кора и ветви	twigs pale yellow to purplish brown, bark reddish brown to grey-brown, grooved
Лист	needles in clusters on short shoots, green, 3 - 6 cm
Осенний окрас	желтый
Цветы	inconspicuous, light yellow
Плоды	round cones, 5 - 7 cm long, 4 - 5.5 cm wide, yellowish brown
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	well-drained, fertile soil, cannot tolerate lime
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	6 (-23,3 до -17,8 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	moderate
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6
Форма	штамбовое хвойное дерево, солитерное хвойное дерево
Происхождение	Eastern China
Синонимы	Pseudolarix kaempferi

Medium-size deciduous conifer, up to around 12 m, although it can grow to over 30 m in nature. Pseudolarix means ‘false Larix’: the tree looks like a Larix but the crown is distinctly broader. The horizontally arranged main branches first form a broad ovoid and later a round crown. The young twigs are pale yellow and later turn purplish brown. The mature bark is reddish brown to grey-brown and grooved. The soft needles are in clusters of 10 to 20 on short shoots. They are bright green and turn deep golden yellow before falling in autumn. The cones are more or less round and yellowish brown. When ripening they fall apart, unlike Larix where the cones remain intact. It is a noble tree for parks and large gardens. Pseudolarix grows in any well-drained, fertile soil but cannot tolerate lime.