



Acer campestre



Высота	circa 12 m
Ширина	7-8m
Крона	oval, dark, dense crown, capricious growing
Кора и ветви	grey bark with conspicuous corky fissures
Лист	3/5 lobes, dark green, 6 - 10 (12)cm
Осенний окрас	желтый
Цветы	small, terminal corymbs, yellow-green, May
Плоды	single-seed winged nutlets, always paired
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	any soil, except dry infertile sandy soil
Влажность почвы	устойчив к коротким наводнениям
Мощение	устойчив к частичному мощению
Зона зимостойкости	5a (-28,8 до -26,1 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	very good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру, устойчив к соли для улиц
Дерево-среда обитания для животных	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру, устойчив к соли для улиц, привлекает бабочек
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы, кашпо для деревьев, сады на крыше, побережье, промышленные зоны
Форма	штамбовое дерево, разветвленное дерево, многоствольное дерево
Происхождение	Europe, western Asia and North Africa

A medium sized tree up to 12 m high. The crown is a-symmetric because of the irregular growth of the branches. The branches have conspicuous corky fissures, both on mature and young wood. Juvenile foliage may have a reddish look when it unfurls, but soon turns dark green. The colour in autumn is dark yellow and last for a long time. In the Netherlands *Acer campestre* is indigenous and has been used by man for a very long time. Not only as a tree, but also pruned as a hedge this plant is very functional. Because of its shade-tolerance and ability to grow on industrial estates it is a very multi-functional plant. Forms a strongly branching main root with very many rootlets. The plant is propagated by seeding and therefore variations in the off-spring can occur. This is visible because some features (autumn colour, corky fissures on the branches) are present to a more or lesser extent. *Acer campestre* is often used in hedges since it stands up exceptionally well to pruning. But pruning should never be done in the spring because the tree's sap rises early.