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Acer saccharinum 'Born's Gracious'



Высота	20 m
Ширина	14-16m
Крона	round to fan-shaped, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	grey and smooth
Лист	palmate, lobes divided almost to the centre, green, 10 - 16 cm
Осенний окрас	желтый
Цветы	greenish yellow, inconspicuous, march
Плоды	winged nutlets, 4 - 5 cm long
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	both wet and dry soil, tolerates paved surfaces
Влажность почвы	устойчив к коротким наводнениям, устойчив к длительным наводнениям
Мощение	устойчив к частичному мощению
Зона зимостойкости	4 (-34,4 до -28,9 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	moderate to poor
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6
Дерево-среда обитания для животных	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, медонос
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы, промышленные зоны
Форма	штамбовое дерево, многоствольное дерево
Происхождение	Georg Born, Rosenheim, Germany, 1959
Синонимы	Acer saccharinum 'Borns Graciosa'

Large tree with more or less vertical branches that later spread out widely. The leaves are palmately lobed, divided almost to the centre of the leaf. The leaves are 1 to 2 cm wide and have a serrated to shallow-lobed edge. The cultivar had been discovered in 1948, as a seedling in Born's nursery in the Bavarian town of Rosenheim, but it was not described until 1959. One reason for the tree's introduction was its somewhat better winter hardiness. It was originally named 'Borns Graciosa', but this name was rejected by the international register. The main roots may push up paved surfaces. Tolerant to moist soils, making it widely usable, but should preferably be used as a park tree due to risk of branches breaking off in high wind.