



Alnus incana



Высота	12 - 18 (20) m, fast growing
Ширина	6-10m
Крона	ovate, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	grey and smooth, twigs grey brown
Лист	wide ovate, green, 5 - 10 cm
Цветы	catkins, ♂ and ♀, purplish, February/March
Плоды	ovoid strobiles, grey brown, 1 - 1.5 cm
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	calicile, tolerates dry soils
Влажность почвы	устойчив к сухим почвам, устойчив к коротким наводнениям, устойчив к длительным наводнениям
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	3 (-40,0 до -24,5 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good, susceptible to sea wind
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру, устойчив к соли для улиц
Применение	промышленные зоны
Форма	штамбовое дерево, многоствольное дерево
Происхождение	Europe, West Asia, North America

Widely dispersed in Europe into the Caucasus, but not native to Great Britain. Big shrub to multiple-stemmed tree with a compact, irregular crown. The trunk and the young twigs are grey. In contrast with *A. glutinosa*, *A. incana* has no sticky parts. The alternate green leaves are ovate and acute-pointed, they have serrated margins and hairy to velvety undersides. Buds are short stalked. The inflorescence with ± 0.5 cm female catkins and ± 7 cm purplish male catkins with yellow pollen, is inconspicuous. The grey brown strobiles appear in September and decorate the tree all winter. *A. incana* roots fairly deep, but shallower than *A. glutinosa* and is used in forestry as a producer of nitrogen. Intolerant to hard surfaces.