



Pseudocydonia sinensis



Высота	3-10 m
Ширина	3-10m
Крона	broad ovoid, half-open crown, capricious growing
Кора и ветви	branches dark brown: bark smooth, dark brown and yellow-green flaking
Лист	elliptical-elongated, 5-8 cm, glossy dark green
Осенний окрас	желтый
Цветы	solitary, 2.5-4 cm, pink, April-May
Плоды	ovoid-shaped, approx. 10-16 cm, dark yellow
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	clayed soil, loamy soil, sandy soil, calcareous soil
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	7 (-17,7 до -12,3 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good
Прочие виды устойчивости	сустойчив к ветру
Дерево-среда обитания для животных	сустойчив к ветру, медонос
Применение	небольшие сады, сады в патио
Форма	штамбовое дерево, многоствольное дерево
Синонимы	Chaenomeles sinesis, Cydonia sinensis

Pseudocydonia sinensis is a large shrub to small tree, ranging in size from about 3 m to (well over) 10 m. The densely branched crown is narrowly oval to narrowly vase-shaped. The smooth bark is dark brown and flakes off in small plates to reveal the greenish-yellow lower bark. The leaves are slightly variable in shape and shiny dark green on the upper side. Especially when young, the underside of the leaves is yellowish-grey hairy. In autumn, the leaves turn yellow before falling off. The single, pink flowers open in April and May, at the same time as the leaves unfurl. They somewhat resemble the flowers of *Cydonia oblonga*, but are darker pink in colour. The flowers are followed by spectacular fruits. These dark yellow fruits are oval and can grow up to 16 cm in size, but ripen well only after warm, sunny summers. The edible fruits have a fresh sour smell and can be processed in the same way as quinces.

Pseudocydonia sinensis is a Chinese species that was introduced to England in the late 18th century, but subsequently fell into oblivion. In 1898, the species was reintroduced from Italy. It is a warmth-loving tree that has no specific soil requirements, as long as drainage is good. Very