



Quercus texana



Высота	20 - 25 m
Ширина	15-20m
Крона	broad conical, later round, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	twigs olive green, bark grey, smooth to shallow grooved
Лист	ovate to elliptical, deeply lobed, dark green, 10 - 20 cm
Осенний окрас	красный
Цветы	golden coloured catkins, May
Плоды	elliptical-oval, approx. 1.5 cm, single, cupule light brown hairy
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	any, preferably fertile, tolerates wet soil
Влажность почвы	устойчив к влажным почвам
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	6b (-20,5 до -17,8 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру, устойчив к соли для улиц
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы, промышленные зоны
Форма	штамбовое дерево
Происхождение	South East USA
Синонимы	Quercus nuttallii

Fairly vigorous large tree with a straight leader and more or less horizontal branching. The young twigs are olive green. The mature bark is grey and smooth to shallow grooved. The ovate to elliptical leaf emerges bronze-coloured, turning dark green in summer. The leaf remains green until into autumn, only turning deep red at a late stage. On the underside of the summer leaf, small tufts of white hairs can be seen in the leaf axils. The elliptical-oval acorns are about half-enclosed by the light brown, hairy cupule. An unfamiliar park and avenue tree, closely related to *Q. palustris* but with a larger leaf with more lobes, bigger acorns and a deeper cupule. Has few soil requirements and can also grow on wet soil. Unlike most “Red Oaks”, this oak tolerates a high pH without its foliage turning yellow.