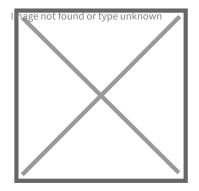


https://www.vdberk.ru/index.php/derevya/acer-circinatum/



Acer circinatum



Высота	8 - 10 m
Ширина	8-10m
Крона	round, dark, dense crown
Кора и ветви	bark reddish brown, bark grey, smooth trunk, branches green
Лист	palmately lobed with 7 - 9 (11) lobes, up to about 9 cm long and 11 cm wide, matte green
Осенний окрас	желтый, оранжевый, красный
Цветы	white with purple-red calyxes, about 1 cm in size, mid-April
Плоды	single-seed, winged nutlets ,always paired
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	fertile, well-drained
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	5 (-28,8 до -23,4 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	fairly
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы
Форма	штамбовое дерево, многоствольное дерево
Происхождение	Western North America

Usually a very large shrub, Acer circinatum later grows into a small tree with a spherical, later slightly flattened crown. The tree does not grow very fast, so it takes many years to reach its final height. The dull green leaves are regularly lobed, with the 7 to 9 (sometimes 11) lobes incised to about a quarter to a third of the leaf blade. In autumn, the leaves turn brilliant orange to dark red. The striking fruits are typical of Acer. The two wings of the seeds are always in line. They are green, but often red. A. circinatum is naturally a tree found in the undergrowth of Douglas-fir and Sitka spruce forests. Therefore, plant this species preferably in a slightly shaded location. Likes well-drained, deep-rooting nutritious soil, preferably humous sandy soils, loamy soils or light peaty soils. Especially on sandy soils, autumn colours will be most beautiful. Applicable as a solitary tree or in small groups in parks, gardens and wide green spaces.