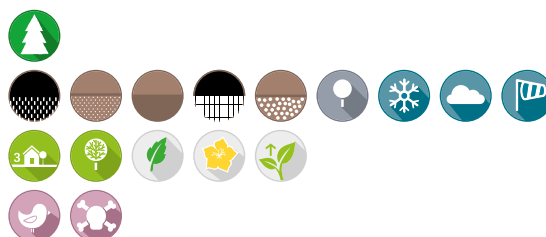




Taxus cuspidata



Высота	2.5 - 5 m
Ширина	3-5m
Крона	spherical, irregular, later broader, dark, dense crown
Кора и ветви	reddish brown, flaking bark, twigs green
Лист	needles, deep dark green, 1.5 - 3 cm, evergreen
Цветы	unremarkable, dioecious, yellow buds, green
Плоды	brownish black seeds, covered 4/5 with a fleshy, red case
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	ядовитые части
Вид почвы	sandy, loamy soil, well-permeable
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	5a (-28,8 до -26,1 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру
Дерево-среда обитания для животных	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру, дерево-источник питания для птиц
Применение	кашпо для деревьев, сады на крыше, промышленные зоны, небольшие сады, сады в патио
Форма	солитерное хвойное дерево
Происхождение	Eastern Asia

Slow-growing, densely branched shrub that can grow into an irregular, multi-trunked tree. In its natural habitat, it grows to a height of up to 15 - 20 m, but when cultivated it does not attain heights of more than 5 m. The trunk is reddish brown and flaky. The branches spread as they grow and are somewhat vertical, dense with short lateral branches. The very dark green needles are linear and taper to a point. They are lighter green underneath and the short stem is yellowish. After unremarkable flowers, seeds appear that are covered 4/5 by a fleshy, red case of approx. 0.5 cm. This species is cultivated often in the US and Canada because it is more winter-hardy than *T. baccata*. In Europe, *T. cuspidata* is used generally for pruning (bonsai) shapes, owing to its multi-trunked growth.