



Acer cissifolium



Высота	6 - 10 m
Ширина	4-8m
Крона	oval, top wider than bottom, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	young twigs grey, red-brown speckled
Лист	compound trifoliate leaf, oval, grey-green
Осенний окрас	желтый, оранжевый, красный
Цветы	compact, pendent racemes, yellow-green, May
Плоды	single-seeded, single-winged, in pairs
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	lightly acid
Мощение	устойчив к частичному мощению
Зона зимостойкости	5b (-26,0 до -23,4 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	moderate to good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6
Дерево-среда обитания для животных	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, привлекает бабочек
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы, кашпо для деревьев, небольшие сады, сады в патио
Форма	штамбовое дерево, многоствольное дерево
Происхождение	Japan

From large shrub to small tree. Because of the horizontal branching the crown is flattened and wide. The red brown spots on the young twigs disappear in maturity. The leaves have three leaflets and a slightly red hue. The margins of the leaf are gently serrated. The autumn colour is orange-red with yellow varieties. Unlike many maples the A. cissifolium has a conspicuous flowering. The small, monoecious, flowers are yellow and stand together in clusters. Remarkably, the fruits usually do not have germination capacity because male and female plants have to be planted together for pollination. A. cissifolium is slightly sensitive to a high pH and thrives best in acid soil. Although this tree is usually grown as a shrub, it can be very functional as an avenue tree, on squares and in small(er) gardens.