

https://www.vdberk.ru/derevya/tilia-americana-nova/



Tilia americana 'Nova'



Высота	20 - 25 m, fast growing
Ширина	15-20m
Крона	broad ovoid, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	greyish brown with shallow grooves, young twigs olive green
Лист	broad ovoid, base of the leaf slanted heart shape, dark green, 10 - 20 cm
Цветы	pendulous umbels of 6 - 15 flowers, pale yellow, late July, fragrant flowers
Плоды	round to elliptical, greyish, light felt-like hair, Ø approx. 0.9 cm
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	places little demands, not on soil that is too dry
Мощение	неустойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	5b (-26,0 до -23,4 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру
Дерево-среда обитания для животных	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру, притягивает бабочек
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы, промышленные зоны
Форма	штамбовое дерево
Происхождение	the Netherlands, before 1955

This cultivar attains a maximum height of 25 m and width of approx. 20 m. Young trees have a smooth, grey bark: the bark of older specimens has regular, shallow grooves. Young twigs are smooth and olive green, often reddish brown on the top and side facing the sun. The leaves are remarkably large and taper to an abrupt point at the top. The base of the leaf is a slanted heart shape and the edge is roughly serrated. The upper side of the leaf is dark green while the underside is lighter. Starting in July, umbels of aromatic, pale yellow flowers appear. Individual flowers have an approx. diameter of 1.2 cm. The bract is approx. 11 cm long. 'Nova' has a more narrow, regular crown than the species does, rendering it better suited for use as an avenue tree. Like the species, 'Nova' is susceptible to aphids and the honeydew and sooty mould they produce.