



## Ulmus americana 'Princeton'



Высота	20 m
Ширина	10-15m
Крона	oval, half-open crown
Кора и ветви	twigs brown-green, bark light grey-brown, slightly grooved
Лист	obovate, green, 5 - 15 cm
Осенний окрас	желтый
Цветы	in dense clusters, reddish green, March/April
Плоды	flat winged nutlets, round, green, sometimes slightly red
Колючки/шипы	None
Ядовитость	неядовитый, обычно
Вид почвы	fertile, moist and airy, tolerates limy soil
Влажность почвы	устойчив к влажным почвам, устойчив к коротким наводнениям
Мощение	устойчив к мощению
Зона зимостойкости	3 (-40,0 до -24,5 °C)
Устойчивость к ветру	fairly to good
Прочие виды устойчивости	устойчив к морозам, зона 1 - 6, сустойчив к ветру
Применение	аллеи и широкие улицы
Форма	штамбовое дерево
Происхождение	Princeton, NJ, USA, 1922

When young, this tree naturally grows fairly straight and narrowly upwards which means it needs little or no pruning. Later it grows into a large tree with a height of around 20 m and an oval to broad-oval crown. The light grey-brown bark is slightly grooved. The leaf is obovate, 5 - 15 cm long with a leathery structure. The autumn colour is golden-yellow to brown-yellow. The tree was selected in 1922 because of its lovely crown shape. It was only later that 'Princeton' was found to have reasonable to strong resistance to Dutch elm disease, at least in the USA. In England it turns out that this cultivar gets ill anyway. It is therefore recommended only to use 'Princeton' in areas where the threat of infection is low. Despite the fact that the crown can become somewhat ragged when older, its oval shape makes 'Princeton' suitable as an avenue and street tree nonetheless. Unusually hardy.